

CHAPTER 5

IMPLICATIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

5.1 Introduction

In this chapter, the researcher draws out the Educational Implications of the Swami Vivekananda's philosophy. The Educational Implications of his view are presented sequentially as under:

5.2 Implications of Swami Vivekananda's Philosophy in Education

5.2.1 Swami Vivekananda's Suggestions to Teacher

He is of the opinion that only "a Tyagi (one who is ready to sacrifice and serve) can be a good teacher. A teacher must be teaching with devotion, purity of mind and heart. Teacher should be one who would always see good in his student. Through his ideal example a teacher should try to influence his students. Teacher should not giving lifeless advice to their student but encourage him and realize their own life.

- The only true teacher is he who can come down to the level of the student and see through the student's eyes and hear through his ears and understand through his mind. The teacher must be pure and he should be given equal importance to all the student.
- The teacher should not exert any type of pressure on the child. The child should be helped in solving his problems himself. The teacher should have an attitude of service and worship.

5.2.2 Swami Vivekananda's Views about the Aims of Education

- The aims of education should be self analysis and self insight with the help of this a man can gain perfection and achieve the glory of life. The purpose of education is to mould the character of the students.
- The ideal of all education, all training, should be this man-making. Real education is that which one should stand on their own's leg and fulfilled his primary needs.
- The teacher has make the pupils conscious so the pupil has to reach his perfection. The teacher should present high ideals before the student. The best

way to develop character of the students is only by the personal example of the teacher.

5.2.3 Swami Vivekananda's Views about Methods of Teaching and Learning

- The teacher must organize teaching in such a way that it may be helpful to each student separately and try to solve the problems of the student to achieve concentration.
- Brahmacharya is very important for concentration. Concentration is the best method of teaching and learning. Reverence for the Guru or the teacher should be inculcated in the pupil.
- Purity is best method and it should be required in thought, speech and every action of the both the teacher and the students.

5.2.4 Swami Vivekananda's Views about Curriculum

- He emphasized a curriculum based on the concept of all round development of the child personality. He favoured agriculture, technical education and physical education. Education should be that, by which character is formed, strength of mind is increased, intellect is expanded and by which one can stand one's feet.
- The whole education of our country should be spiritual and secular.

5.2.5 Swami Vivekananda's Views about Discipline

- The attitude of the elders towards the young ones should be positive. The discipline that the child has to learn and maintain should come in an indirect manner and it should be self imposed. Instead of trying to discipline the child, the teacher can set an example with his own life.

5.2.6 Swami Vivekananda's Views about Values

- Education should not be for stuffing some facts into the brain, it should aim at reforming the human mind. Education must be able to produce men of integrity, dedicated administrators and socially conscious citizens. The ideal of every educated man should be perfect unselfishness. Along with the spirit of

independence the spirit of obedience is equally important. The primary aims of education should be to help the individual to realize his best self. It should cultivate values of life, like honesty, love, sympathy, non-violence, restraint, co-operativeness sacrifice and finally faith in man and God.

- Education as such should be made a forceful tool for the cultivation of social and moral values.

5.2.7 Importance of Swami Vivekananda's Philosophy in Modern Age

- Swami Vivekananda emphasized on man making education, all round development of the child. Swami Vivekananda views about curriculum are also highly relevant nowadays.
- Swami Vivekananda views about discipline in modern time. Modern education can be totally improved if we followed the philosophy of Swami Vivekananda.
- Swami Vivekananda philosophy can guide the country which is disturbed by corruption, terrorist and other evils.

5.3 Suggestions for Further Studies

- Educational Implications of Shri Aurobindo's Philosophy.
- Educational Implications of Mahatma Gandhi's Philosophy.
- Educational Implications of Rabindranath Tagore's Philosophy.
- Educational Implications of Ramcharitmanas.

5.4 Conclusion

Swami Vivekananda was optimistic, hard worker, practical, highly knowledge and quick decision maker. In the present chapter the researcher find out the Educational Implications and Suggestion of Swami Vivekananda's philosophy.