CHAPTER 4 DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

4.1 INTRODUCTION

This Chapter presents data analysis and Interpretation. This has presented the Statistical techniques used in data analysis and interpretation.

4.2 DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

To realize the first objective of the study i.e. 'to study the environmental awareness among higher secondary school students' the collected data analyzed quantitatively using % analysis.

First statement wise score is given to each student according to the category they have chosen. Then total score for each student was obtained by adding score on each statement. The total score of the students were organize in ascending order. Then the score have been divided into three categories, namely Least Favourable (30-60), Moderately Favourable (61-120), and Highly Favourable (121-150), students who fall under each category were counted and % analysis was done of that frequency.

The analyzed data has been presented through Table-1

Table- 1 Favourableness of Attitude

| Least Favourable (30-60) | | · | Favourable 120) | Highly Favourable (121-150) | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--|
| No. of Students | Percentage (%) | No. of Percentage Students (%) | | No. of Students | Percentage (%) | |
| 2 | 0.33 | 362 | 60.33 | 236 | 39.34 | |

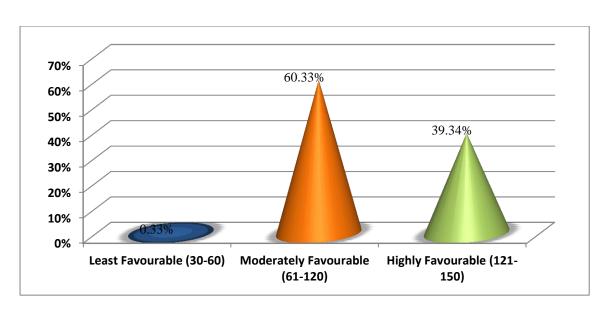


Chart: 1 Favourableness of Attitude

As a whole 0.33 % of higher secondary students have least favourable attitude towards environment whereas 60.33 % of higher secondary students have moderately favourable attitude and 39.34 % of higher secondary students have highly favourable attitude towards environment

Table- 2 Favourableness of Attitude School Wise

| School | Least Favourable (30-60) | | Favo | erately ourable -120) | Highly Favourable (121-150) | |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| | No. of | Percentage | No. of | No. of Percentage | | Percentage |
| | Students | (%) | Students | (%) | Students | (%) |
| T V Patel | 2 | 1.57 | 97 | 76.38 | 28 | 22.05 |
| Pioneer | - | - | 95 | 79.17 | 25 | 20.83 |
| Bavis Gam | - | - | 36 | 46.15 | 42 | 53.85 |
| Sharda | - | - | 57 55.88 | | 45 | 44.12 |
| RPTP | - | - | 77 | 44.51 | 96 | 55.49 |

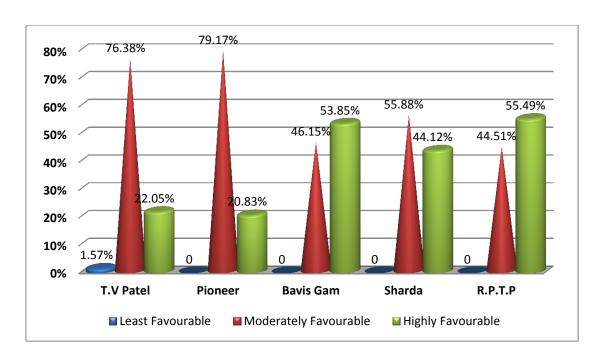


Chart: 2 Favourableness of Attitude- School wise

From the analysis of collected data, it is revealed that 1.57 % of T.V Patel School students have Least Favourable attitude where as 76.38 % of students have Moderately Favourable attitude and 22.05 % have Highly favourable attitude. 79.17% of the Pioneer high school students have Moderately Favourable attitude and 20.83% have Highly Favourable Attitude. 46.15% of the Bavis gam vidyalaya students have Moderately Favourable attitude and 53.85% have Highly Favourable Attitude. 55.88% of the Sharda high school students have Moderately Favourable attitude and 44.12% have Highly Favourable attitude. And 44.51% of the R.P.T.P high school students have Moderately Favourable attitude and 55.49% have Highly Favourable attitude attitude and 55.49% have Highly Favourable attitude

To realize the second objective i.e. 'to study the environmental awareness among higher secondary school students gender-wise' researcher has found out environmental awareness Attitude Score and Achievement Score of male and female students, and t value was computed. The analyzed data have been presented below.

Table-3(a) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Gender wise, Attitude Scale

| Gender | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|--------|--------------------|--------|-------|------|-----|---------|
| Male | 427 | 115.82 | 15.53 | 0.75 | 598 | 0.62 |
| Female | 173 | 116.60 | 13.43 | 1.02 | | 5.02 |

Here calculated value of t is 0.62 which is less than table t value of 2.58 and 1.96 at 0.01 and 0.05 level respectively for 598 degree of freedom (df). Therefore null hypothesis is not rejected. It means there is no significant difference between the Mean Attitude Score of higher secondary school students gender-wise.

Table-3(b) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Gender wise, Achievement Test

| Gender | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|--------|--------------------|-------|------|------|-----|---------|
| Male | 427 | 15.12 | 4 | 0.19 | 598 | 3.54 |
| Female | 173 | 16.29 | 3.55 | 0.27 | | 3.5 1 |

Here calculated value of t is 3.54 greater than table t value of 2.58 and 1.96 at 0.01 and 0.05 levels respectively for 598 degree of freedom (df). Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean achievement Score of higher secondary school students gender-wise.

To realize the third objectives i.e. 'to study the environmental awareness among higher secondary school students stream-wise' researcher has formulated null hypothesis 'there is no significant difference between the Mean Attitude Score of higher secondary school students stream-wise.'

Table-4(a) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Stream wise (Arts& Science)
Attitude Scale

| Stream | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|---------|--------------------|--------|-------|------|-----|---------|
| Arts | 209 | 107.25 | 14.84 | 1.03 | 424 | 12.2 |
| Science | 217 | 123.11 | 11.66 | 0.79 | 424 | 12.2 |

The Computed t value 12.2 is greater than the table t value of 2.59 and 1.97 at 0.01 and 0.05 levels for 424 degree of freedom. Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean Attitude Score of higher secondary school students of arts stream and science stream, in favour of science stream.

Table-4(b) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Stream wise (Arts& Science)
Achievement Test

| Stream | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|---------|--------------------|-------|------|------|-----|---------|
| Arts | 209 | 13.50 | 3.72 | 0.26 | 424 | 29.72 |
| Science | 217 | 17.12 | 3.58 | 0.24 | 424 | 28.73 |

The Computed t value 28.73 is greater than the table t value of 2.59 and 1.97 at 0.01 and 0.05 level for 424 degree of freedom. Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean Achievement Score of higher secondary school students of arts stream and science stream, in favour of science stream.

Table-5(a) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Stream wise (Arts & Commerce)
Attitude Scale

| Stream | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|----------|--------------------|--------|-------|------|-----|---------|
| Arts | 209 | 107.25 | 14.84 | 1.03 | 381 | 7.26 |
| Commerce | 174 | 117.78 | 13.43 | 1.02 | 001 | 7.25 |

The Computed t value 7.26 is greater than the table t value of 2.59 and 1.97 at 0.01 and 0.05 level for 381 degree of freedom. Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean Attitude Score of higher secondary school students of arts stream and commerce Stream, in favour of commerce stream.

Table-5 (b) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Stream wise (Arts & Commerce)

Achievement Test

| Stream | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|----------|--------------------|-------|------|------|-----|---------|
| Arts | 209 | 13.50 | 3.72 | 0.26 | 381 | 6.08 |
| Commerce | 174 | 15.75 | 3.48 | 0.26 | 231 | 3.30 |

The Computed t value 6.08 is greater than the table t value of 2.59 and 1.97 at 0.01 and 0.05 level for 381 degree of freedom. Therefore Null Hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the mean achievement score of higher secondary school students of arts stream and commerce stream, in favour of commerce stream.

Table-6 (a) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Stream wise (Commerce & Science)

Attitude Scale

| Stream | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|----------|--------------------|--------|-------|------|-----|---------|
| Commerce | 174 | 117.78 | 13.43 | 1.02 | 389 | 4.13 |
| Science | 217 | 123.11 | 11.66 | 0.79 | | |

The Computed t value 4.13 is greater than the table t value of 2.59 and 1.97 at 0.01 and 0.05 level for 381 degree of freedom. Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean Attitude Score of higher secondary school students of commerce stream and science stream, in favour of science stream.

Table-6 (b) Mean, SD, SEm, t-value, Stream wise (Commerce & Science)

Achievement Test

| Stream | No. of Students | Mean | SD | SEm | df | t-value |
|----------|--------------------|-------|------|------|-----|---------|
| Commerce | 174 | 15.75 | 3.48 | 0.26 | 389 | 3.91 |
| Science | 217 | 17.12 | 3.58 | 0.24 | | 5.51 |

The Computed t value 3.91 is greater than the table t value of 2.59 and 1.97 at 0.01 and 0.05 level for 381 degree of freedom. Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean Achievement Score of higher secondary school students of commerce stream and science stream, in favour of science stream.

To realize the Fourth objectives i.e. 'to study the environmental awareness among higher secondary school students school-wise' researcher has formulated null

hypothesis; there is no significant difference between the Mean Attitude Score of higher secondary school students school wise.

Table 7(a) ANOVA test- School wise Attitude Scale

SUMMARY

| Groups | Count | Sum | Average | Variance |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|---------|----------|
| Pioneer High School | 122 | 13287 | 108.9 | 263.6 |
| T V Patel High School | 125 | 13528 | 108.2 | 228.0 |
| RPTP High School | 173 | 21154 | 122.3 | 135.7 |
| Bavis Gam Vidyalaya | 78 | 9571 | 122.7 | 153.1 |
| Sharda High School | 102 | 12085 | 118.5 | 137.7 |

ANOVA

| Source of Variation | SS | df | MS | F | P-value | F crit |
|------------------------|----------|-----|--------|-------|----------|--------|
| Between Groups | 24641.86 | 4 | 6160.5 | 33.57 | 2.86E-25 | 2.39 |
| Within Groups | 109200.1 | 595 | 183.5 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total | 133842 | 599 | | | | |

The Computed F value 33.57 is greater than the table F value of 3.36 and 2.39 at 0.01 and 0.05 levels for (4, 599) degree of freedom. Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean Attitude Score of higher secondary school students, school wise.

Table 7(b) ANOVA Test- School Wise Achievement Test

SUMMARY

| Groups | Count | Sum | Average | Variance |
|-----------------------|-------|------|---------|----------|
| Pioneer High School | 122 | 1679 | 13.8 | 10.7 |
| T V Patel High School | 125 | 1737 | 13.9 | 16.0 |
| RPTP High School | 173 | 2947 | 17.0 | 13.5 |
| Bavis Gam Vidyalaya | 78 | 1371 | 17.6 | 11.3 |
| Sharda High School | 102 | 1543 | 15.1 | 12.4 |

ANOVA

| Source of Variation | SS | df | MS | F | P-value | F crit |
|------------------------|----------|-----|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| Between Groups | 1447.19 | 4 | 361.8 | 27.91 | 2.92E-21 | 2.39 |
| Within Groups | 7713.928 | 595 | 12.96 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total | 9161.118 | 599 | | | | |

The Computed F value 27.91 is greater than the table F value of 3.36 and 2.39 at 0.01 and 0.05 levels for (4, 599) degree of freedom. Therefore null hypothesis is rejected. It means there is significant difference between the Mean Achievement Score of higher secondary school students, school wise.

4.3 CONCLUSION

In this chapter, the researcher included data analysis and interpretation of the results. Researcher used attitude scale and achievement test for students, this scale related with environmental awareness and the data were collected successfully.

The next chapter is about findings, educational implication and conclusion.